¥ IUNIO.	Burnt Oak Junior School Medium Term Plan								
A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	Year: 3		Term: A1 IPC Topic: Brain		nwaves – The Brain and How Humans Work				
	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6			
Phonics/ Spelling		KS1 common exception words	KS1 common exception words	Adding es to nouns and verbs ending in y Adding ed, ing, er and est to a root word and ending in y with a consanant before it.	Adding es to nouns and verbs ending in y Adding ed, ing, er and est to a root word and ending in y with a consanant before it.	Adding ing, ed, er, est and y to words ending in e with a consonant before it Adding ing, ed, er, est and y to words of one syllable ending in a single consonat letter after a single vowel.			
Reading	Greta and the Giants WALT: summarise WALT: retrieve WALT: retrieve WALT: retrieve WALT: give a personal response	Greta and the Giants WALT: compare WALT: infer WALT: infer WALT: infer WALT: give a personal response	The Pebble in my Pocket WALT: summarise WALT: retrieve WALT: retrieve WALT: retrieve WALT: have authorial intent	The Pebble in my Pocket WALT: compare WALT: infer WALT: infer WALT: infer WALT: give a personal response	The Pebble in my Pocket WALT: compare WALT: retrieve WALT: retrieve WALT: retrieve WALT: understand a theme	The Pebble in my Pocket WALT: summarise WALT: infer WALT: infer WALT: compare WALT: give a personal response			
English	Strong Start WALT: identify and correct errors WALT: Use capital letters WALT: Use full stops WALT: Use a capital letter for proper nouns	Poetry on a Theme WALT: recognise the theme WALT: recognise poetic patterns WALT: use similes WALT: use poetic devices WALT: perform with meaning	First person Narrative A WALT: use first person WALT: select adjectives WALT: use expanded noun phrases WALT: use adverbs WALT: use coordinating conjunctions	First person Narrative A WALT: plan a narrative WALT: sustain first person WALT: use adjectives and adverbs WALT: use conjunctions WALT: edit and improve our work	Non-Chronological Reports A About our School WALT: use a formal tone (SPAG) WALT: use pronouns (SPAG) WALT: use conjunctions (SPAG) WALT: use organisational features (Planning) WALT: sustain formal tone (opening)	Non-Chronological Reports A About our School WALT: use conjunctions (writing) WALT: use pronouns (writing) WALT: sustain formal tone (conclusion) WALT: Edit for meaning WALT: Use presentational devices (Publish)			
Maths	Maths presentation WALT: Recognise the four times table WALT: Divide by 4	WALT: Represent numbers to 100. WALT: Partition numbers to 100. WALT: Use a number line to 100 WALT: recognise 100	WALT: partition numbers to 1000 x2 WALT: understand HTO. WALT: find 1, 10 or 100 more or less tan WALT: use a numberline to 1000	WALT: compare numbers to 1000 WALT: order numbers to 1000 WALT: count in 50's WALT: apply number bonds within 10	WALT: Add and subtract 10s WALT: Add and subtract 100s WALT: spot the difference WALT: Add 1s across 10	WALT: subtract 1s across 10 WALT: subtract 10s across 100 WALT: make connections WALT: add two numbers (no exchange)			

		WALT: represent numbers to 1000	WALT: estimate on a number line to 1000	WALT: add and subtract 1s	WALT: Add 10s across 100	WALT: subtract two numbers (no exchange)	
RE	L2.1 What do different people believe about God? Christians, Hindus and/or Muslims  LQ: Who is Christian and what do they believe?  Trinity - art	LQ: Who is Muslim and what do they believe? Allah – 99 names	LQ: Who is Jewish and what do they believe? God Moses and the Burning Bush	LQ: Who is Hindu and what do they believe? Trimurti – Brahama (creator), Vishnu (preserver), Shiva (Destroyer) Murtis?	LQ: Why do some people believe God exsits?  What do people believe about God and his attributes	LQ: Do we need to prove God's exsitence?  Express your own ideas about God through art	
PSHE	Making the classroom safe LQ: How can I make the classroom a safe, happy place?	Building Relationships LQ: How can I build good relationships with my class.	Coping with new situations LQ: What emotions areinvolved in a new situation.	LQ What is helpful to know in a new situation.	Sources of Support LQ: Who can support me?	LQ: How can I help and be helped?	
			IPC (3 s	essions)			
Science/ Health and Wellbeing	HOOK DAY L1 What is Neuroscience? How do different people learn? Learning Detectives - discover evidence of a positive learning environment. What is learning and what it might look like in a classroom situation. How could they collect evidence of learning? Complete learning walk around school collecting evidence in classrooms in groups. Science T1 L2 What are the roles of the different nutrients in the body? Healthy Brain	H and W T2 L1 How can we improve ways in which we learn?  Teaching others a skill (plan, teach and assess) How many different ways that they might teach someone a skill? How important is practice in learning a skill? Was their method of teaching effective?  H and W T3 L2 What strategies can I use to learn more effectively? Brain web – How does the brain work – neurons making connections – practice/recall/reflect.	Exit Point L1 How do our emotions affect the way we learn? Create a role-play in groups to explore negative feelings and how they might stop someone from learning. Positive Mindset – a superhero character – could then step into each scenario to provide positive advice.  HOOK DAY Entry Point L2 L3 Have you ever considered how your body works? And what does it really mean to be healthy?	Science T1 L1 LQ: How many things should change when planning a scientific investigation? WS: setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests.  Optician: Why can't we see objects in the dark? How does the pupil work? can we explore the connection between light and what we can see? (create an eye test)  Science T3 L2	Science T5 L1 What conclusions can I share about the digestion process? WS: use straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings.  Digestive system model (Practical - create poo)  Science T6 L2 LQ: What is important when taking or observing scientific measurements? WS: take accurate measurements using a stop watch heart beat and pulse: How many times does your heart beat in one	L1 LQ: What are the functions of key muscles within the body?  How do our bones stay in the right? place? What are they attached to that helps us move? As we have the key equipment needed to explore this, we should make observations and collect evidence. What is the key piece of equipment needed? Our bodies!  Science T11 L2 and L3 What are the roles of different nutrients in the body (Task 11 and 12)	

	What does a brain need	Create ideas of how to	Yoga/mindfulness	What types of teeth do	minute? What happens		
	to stay healthy and	learn new things (model	First Aid course	I have and why are	to your heart when you		
	alert?	spelling bingo sheet).	Outline of body	they important?	exercise? How can we		
	Create care guide for	,	(Knowledge Harvest)	WS: ask relevant	find out? Will it make a		
	your brain. (display)	H and W T5	,	questions and use	difference to the		
	Ĺ3	L3		different types of	results if we are fit or		
	LQ from L2:	Zones of regulation		scientific enquiries to	unfit?		
	Mind set	How do our emotions		answer them.			
	LQ: How can a positive	affect the way we learn?			Science T8		
	mind set is important				L3		
	for learning?			Teeth: What would it	LQ: What is the function		
	H and W T1			be like to have no	of the skeletons and		
	L4			teeth?	bones within it?		
	What are the different			What is the purpose of	WS: To be able to use		
	ways in which we can			teeth?	evidence to answer		
	<u>learn?</u>				questions		
	Interview People – how			Science T4			
	do you learn			L3	Research - How many		
	n? How do you prefer to			LQ: What are the key	bones there are in the		
	learn?			parts of the digestion	human body?		
	What methods are most			process?	What are the names of		
	successful?			WS: gather, record,	some of the bones?		
	What things do you find			classify and present	How the bones are held		
	easy to learn and what			data in a variety of	together?		
	do you find difficult?			ways to help in	What our bones do for		
	How did you organise			answering questions.	us?		
	yourself to learn effectively?			Digastiva Custami Mhu	Make a skeleton puppet.		
	How has practice proved			Digestive System: Why do we need teeth?			
	important to achieve a			Where does food go?			
	goal?			Which of the body's			
	What is your proudest			organs?			
	achievement – and what			Does our food pass			
	personal goals/learning			through?			
	were important to			tin ough.			
	achieve						
	it?						
	What does learning						
	mean to you?						
Geography	,						
History							
Computing	e-safety lesson	Creating yes or no answers	Identifying attributes	Creating branching databases	Planning a database	Making a database	
	J'apprends le francais (1)	J'apprends le français (2)	J'apprends le français (3)	J'apprends le français	J'apprends le français (5)	J'apprends le français (6)	
MFL	s apprends to fruitous (1)	L2: In this lesson pupils	L3: To consolidate	(4)	L5: To introduce ten key	L6: To revise all	
		will learn how to say	language from last week	\''	colours in French with	language covered so far	
		icaiii ilow to say	.abaabe ii oiii iast week	l	55.5415 III T CHOIL WICH		

	L1: To introduce the	basic greetings and how	and to learn how to ask	L4: To introduce	the objective of learning	and to complete the end			
	Francophone world and	to ask someone how they	and answer the question	numbers 1-10 in	how to say 'my favourite	of unit assessment.			
	French as a subject to	are feeling as well as	'Comment tu-t'appelles	French.	colour is' in French.				
	the children.	answer the question	?' (What is your name?)						
		themselves in French.	in French.						
PE	SPECIALIST TEACHING								
1.2	Fundamental Movement Skills and Multisport								
Music (IPC)	SPECIALIST TEACHING								
Widsic (IF C)									
		Experiment with	Complete close	Initial sketches of	Initial sketches of	Accurate drawing of			
Art / DT (IPC)		various different	observational	shape of face	eyes/mouth/nose	face			
		pencils	drawing (shading)						